

FIFTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT
TO THE
SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR
BY THE
COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR
THE DEAF

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR
ENDED JUNE 30
1915



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OFFICERS OF THE INSTITUTION.

Patron.—Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States.

President.—Percival Hall, M. A., Litt. D.

Secretary.—Charles S. Bradley, Esq.

Treasurer.—George X. McLaughan, Esq.

Directors.—Hon. John F. Shafroth, Senator from Colorado, Hon. William E. Humphrey, Member of Congress from Washington, Hon. John E. Raker, Member of Congress from California, representing the Congress of the United States; Edward Miner Gallaudet, Ph. D., LL. D., of Connecticut; Hon. John W. Foster, Hon. Francis W. Cockrell, R. Ross Perry, Esq.,¹ Theodore W. Noyes, Esq., of the District of Columbia; John B. Wight, Esq., of New York; the president and the secretary of the institution.

FACULTY OF GALLAUDET COLLEGE, 1915-16.

Emeritus president and professor of moral and political science.—Edward Miner Gallaudet, Ph. D., LL. D.

President and professor of applied mathematics and pedagogy.—Percival Hall, M. A., Litt. D.

Vice president and professor of languages.—Edward Allen Fay, M. A., Ph. D., Sc. D.

Professor of English and history.—John Burton Hotchkiss, M. A., Litt. D.

Professor of mathematics and Latin.—Amos G. Draper, M. A., Litt. D.

Professor of natural science.—Charles Russell Ely, M. A., Ph. D.

Professor of Latin.—Allan B. Fay, M. A.²

Professor of physics and biology.—Herbert E. Day, M. A.

Assistant professor of mathematics and engineering.—Isaac Allison, E. E.

Instructor in English and in charge of college women.—Elizabeth Peet.

Librarian and instructor in English and mathematics.—Helen Northrop, B. A.

Instructor in Latin and natural science.—Victor O. Skyberg, M. A.³

Physical director and instructor in natural science.—Jullus J. Helmark, M. A.⁴

Instructor in English and Latin.—Frederick H. Hughes, M. A.³

Instructor in drawing.—Arthur D. Bryant, B. Ph.

Instructor in agriculture.—Harley D. Drake, B. A.

DEPARTMENT OF ARTICULATION AND NORMAL INSTRUCTION, 1915-16.

Professor in charge.—Percival Hall, M. A., Litt. D.

Instructors.—Lyman Steed, M. A.; Annie E. Jameson; Sarah H. Porter, M. A.

Normal Fellows.—Helen Cunn, George Washington University, District of Columbia; Lois Ely, Lindenwood Junior College, Missouri; Irving S. Fustfeld, Columbia University, New York; O. L. McIntire, Westminster College, Missouri.

Normal student.—Mary D. Deem, State Normal College, Mississippi.

FACULTY OF THE KENDALL SCHOOL, 1915-16.

President.—Percival Hall, M. A., Litt. D.

Principal.—Lyman Steed, M. A.

Instructors.—Helen Fay; Musa Marbut, M. A.; Edetha Williams, B. A.; Grace D. Ely; Mary Burch.

Instructor in art and manual training.—Beulah E. Stebbins.

Instructor in cooking and sewing.—Agnes Suman.

¹ Died July 17, 1915.

² Died July 5, 1915.

³ Appointed for 1915-16.

⁴ Resigned.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT, 1915-16.

Supervisor and disbursing agent.—Louis L. Hooper, M. A.

Attending physician.—Harry H. Donnally, M. D.

Dentist.—J. A. Taylor, D. D. S.

Matron, Gallaudet College.—Mary Helen Ferris.

Matron, Kendall School.—Harriet Van Deventer.

Boys' matron, Kendall School.—Mrs. Cora V. Troup.

Boys' supervisor.—Cyril E. Hansell.

Girls' supervisor.—Jennie Kennedy.

Gardener.—Edward Mangum.

Farmer.—Harley D. Drake.

FIFTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF.

COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF,
Kendall Green, Washington, D. C., September 7, 1915.

SIR: The number of deaf pupils and students remaining in the institution on July 1, 1914, was 110; admitted during the year, 41; total, 151; admitted for the school year 1915-16, 42. From July 1, 1914, to July 1, 1915, there were under instruction 85 males and 66 females; a total of 151; of whom 108 have been in the collegiate department, representing 34 States, the District of Columbia, Canada, and Wales; and 43 in the primary department. Of these, 35 were admitted as beneficiaries of the District of Columbia. During the fiscal year 32 were discharged from the institution by graduation and otherwise.

A list of the names of students and pupils who have been under instruction in this institution since July 1, 1914, including those admitted for the school year 1915-16, will be found appended to this report.

HEALTH.

One of our students, William F. Miller, died of typhoid fever at his home in Baltimore in October. He contracted the disease during the vacation.

A case of typhoid fever appeared among the college women early in the fall. The patient was promptly removed to George Washington University Hospital, where she was successfully treated. All students, pupils, and employees taking meals at the institution were vaccinated with antityphoid serum. No further cases developed, and the origin of the disease was not ascertained by the District Health Department.

In the spring a case of diphtheria was discovered among the young women of the college. It was impossible to remove the young lady to the hospital, but she was isolated in the hospital room in Fowler Hall with a nurse. Careful examinations soon showed another case of diphtheria in a very mild form. After a short quarantine of the students in Fowler Hall recitations were continued, with frequent examination of all suspects. No further cases developed, and both of the young women were successfully treated and cured before the close of college.

In the Kendall School there were a number of cases of inflammation of the middle ear, some of them involving the mastoid process. All of these were dealt with successfully.

Otherwise the general health of the students and pupils was good. A well equipped dental room, opened in 1914 as an experiment, was put in charge of Dr. J. A. Taylor for the whole of the school year just completed, and work was done regularly for all pupils and students. While there is no definite proof of the improvement of the health of the students and pupils on account of this work, there is no doubt of its good influence on the general physical condition of all.

CHANGES IN THE CORPS OF OFFICERS AND TEACHERS.

Prof. Allan B. Fay, for 17 years a member of the faculty of Gal-
laudet College, died suddenly on July 5, 1915. Prof. Fay's valuable
services to the institution were enhanced by long association with the
deaf and by the best traditions of the education of the deaf handed
down to him from father and grandfather. Mr. Victor O. Skyberg
has been appointed a member of the faculty and instructor in Latin
and natural science to take up the teaching work of the late Prof.
A. B. Fay.

Mr. Julius J. Heimark, physical director and instructor in natural
science, resigned to study medicine. His place as instructor has been
filled by the appointment of Mr. Frederick H. Hughes, M. A., Gal-
laudet College, 1914, recently teacher in the Alabama School.

Mr. O. L. McIntire, B. A., Westminster College, has been placed
temporarily in charge of the gymnastic work of the college men.

Miss Beulah Stebbins has been appointed instructor in art and
manual training to take the place of Miss Grace Stone, resigned.

Mrs. Cora V. Troup has been promoted to the position of boys'
matron in the Kendall School in the place of Miss Rose E. Bramble,
resigned.

Mr. Norman Hicks, boys' supervisor in the Kendall School, re-
signed to go into teaching, and his place has been filled by the
appointment of Mr. Cyril E. Hansell, until recently a teacher in the
Maryland School for the Colored Deaf.

Miss Jennie Kennedy has been appointed girls' supervisor in the
Kendall School.

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

The course of instruction has been carried out as reported in the
fifty-sixth annual report. A much more thorough course, however,
has been given during the past year in business methods and a limited
number of students have been taught the elements of typewriting.
Four students took extended special work in chemistry and 17 in
various branches of agriculture.

LECTURES.

The following special lectures have been delivered during the year:

IN THE COLLEGE.

Nietzsche and Treitschke.....	Vice President Fay.
Two Views of the Northwest.....	Dr. Hotchkiss.
Henry Laurens.....	Dr. Draper.
Medical Entomology.....	Dr. Ely.
The Greatest of the Allies, but the least known.....	Prof. Day.
Dr. Grenfell of Labrador.....	Prof. A. B. Fay.
The Ghost of Berwick.....	Prof. Allison.
Superstitions.....	Miss Peet.

IN THE KENDALL SCHOOL.

Robinson Crusoe.....	Mr. Tucker.
Ichabod Crane.....	Mr. Moore.
Little Lord Fauntleroy.....	Miss McKee.
Enoch Arden.....	Miss Sims.
The Little Lame Prince.....	Miss Dougherty.
King of the Golden River.....	Miss Nelson.
Short History Stories.....	Mr. Steed.

FINANCES.

Receipts and expenses.

	Re- ceipts.	Ex- penses.		Re- ceipts.	Ex- penses.
HOUSEKEEPING DEPARTMENT.			GALLAUDET COLLEGE—contd.		
Salaries.....		\$5,359.96	Medical expenses.....	\$113.20	\$1,296.06
Milk.....		15.05	Sundries.....		42.63
Meat.....	\$149.21	5,438.61	Total.....	113.70	24,425.72
Groceries.....	.60	3,354.97	NORMAL DEPARTMENT.		
Fruit and vegetables.....		1,326.69	Salaries.....		1,309.85
Dairy produce.....		2,246.09	GARAGE.		
Bread and crackers.....		1,599.74	Salaries.....		627.00
Fish.....		242.42	Gasoline and oil.....	4.57	115.45
Prepared desserts.....		391.92	Supplies.....	.65	234.47
Ice.....		507.19	Equipment.....		45.78
Supplies.....	.65	716.44	Repairs.....		472.88
Equipment.....		262.67	Sundries.....		9.80
Sundries.....		58.98	Total.....	5.22	1,505.38
Board.....	17.78		IMPROVEMENTS, RENEWALS, AND REPAIRS.		
Total.....	168.24	21,520.73	Salaries.....	2.45	4,315.00
ADMINISTRATION AND OFFICE.			Materials and supplies.....	31.65	2,232.25
Salaries.....		6,937.60	Equipment.....		37.52
Supplies.....		150.33	Contracts.....	1.20	2,974.00
Equipment.....	45.00	105.91	Sundries.....		10.60
Communication service.....	52.12	728.83	Heat, light, and power plant.....		21,015.00
Printing.....		194.66	Total.....	35.30	30,584.46
Auditing and account books.....		349.85	KENDALL SCHOOL.		
Sundries.....		20.12	Salaries.....		8,897.70
Total.....	97.12	8,487.30	Supplies.....		569.31
GROUNDS.			Equipment.....		770.22
Salaries.....		3,554.64	Medical expenses.....	22.23	588.33
Supplies.....		332.66	Sundries.....	43.59	121.44
Equipment.....		141.66	Total.....	65.73	10,947.00
Board and care of horses.....		9.00	LIGHT, HEAT, AND POWER.		
Sundries.....	263.08	720.83	Salaries.....		1,603.54
Total.....	263.08	4,758.19	Coal.....		3,273.74
LAUNDRY.			Gas.....	5.28	1,145.63
Salaries.....		1,223.64	Supplies.....		227.28
Supplies.....		213.71	Equipment.....		267.16
Equipment.....		5.79	Sundries.....		50.20
Sundries.....		14.30	Total.....	5.28	6,567.55
Total.....		1,457.44	MISCELLANEOUS.		
FARM.¹			Traveling.....	3.41	371.31
Salaries.....		2,442.15	Students' merchandise.....	5.28	485.37
Feed.....	2.79	1,708.92	Presents, subscriptions, and advances.....	60.00	79.48
Plants and seeds.....	.45	115.90	Sundries.....	2.50	22.30
Supplies.....	3.48	183.12	United States appropriations.....	109,250.00	
Live stock.....		1,474.21	Tuition, Gallaudet College.....	2,975.00	
Equipment.....	4.00	134.61	Tuition, Kendall School.....	3,475.00	
Care of live stock.....	2.00	102.25	Equipment, produce, and junk sold.....	404.69	
Teaming.....		15.00	Students' merchandise.....	469.70	
Repairs.....		78.19	Sundries.....	82.67	
Board and laundry.....		.75	Total.....	116,728.25	958.40
Sundries.....		33.32	Total receipts.....	118,524.79	
Milk.....	409.16		Total expenses.....		118,810.56
Fruit and vegetables.....	14.00		Cash on hand July 1, 1914.....	1,130.84	
Poultry and eggs.....	44.41		Cash on hand June 30, 1915.....		845.07
Live stock.....	556.08		Grand total.....	119,655.63	119,655.63
Sundries.....	6.50				
Total.....	1,042.87	6,288.48			
GALLAUDET COLLEGE.					
Salaries.....		21,655.51			
Library supplies and equip- ment.....		317.60			
Laboratory supplies and equipment.....		183.93			
Supplies.....		320.13			
Equipment.....	.50	620.86			

¹ In addition the housekeeping department received produce valued at \$3,877.80, as follows: Milk, \$2,953.54; meat, \$583.59; fruit and vegetables, \$176.58; dairy produce, \$164.15.

Statement of the treasurer for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1915.

GENERAL FUND.

1914.		
July 1.	By balance-----	\$859.76
	By 2 Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. coupons, at \$25--	50.00
	By 8 Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Co. coupons, at \$22.50-----	180.00
	By principal, \$500, and interest due Oct. 1, 1914, \$12.50, on Columbia Railway Co. of the District of Columbia bond---	512.50
	By 1 Riggs Realty Co. coupon (this bond was purchased with proceeds of Columbia Railway Co. bond)-----	12.50
	By six months' interest to Dec. 31, 1914, on balance in Union Trust Co.-----	15.99
	By six months' interest to June 30, 1915, on balance in Union Trust Co.-----	18.02
Oct. 1.	To Union Trust Co., for one Riggs Realty Co. 5 per cent 3/30 year coupon bond-----	500.00
Dec. 31.	To G. X. McLanahan, bookkeeping expenses, treasurer's office, to Dec. 31, 1914-----	50.00
1915.		
Mar. 11.	To American Surety Co. of New York, premium on bond of treasurer to Mar. 19, 1916-----	25.00
Apr. 6.	To Union Trust Co., for rent of safe deposit box to Apr. 6, 1916-----	4.00
June 30.	To balance-----	1,069.77
		<u>1,648.77</u>

MANUAL LABOR FUND.

1914.		
July 1.	By balance-----	\$187.90
	By 8 Southern Railway Co. coupons at \$25-----	200.00
	By check, Columbia Institution for the Deaf, Louis L. Hooper, disbursing agent, refund of unused portion of check for \$514.60, dated Feb. 17, 1914, to Percival Hall-----	200.00
	By 2 Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Co. coupons, at \$22.50-----	45.00
		<u>632.90</u>
1915.		
June 30.	To balance-----	632.90

MEMORIAL ART FUND.

1914.		
July 1.	By balance-----	\$162.68
	By 3 United States 1898 coupons, at \$0.75-----	2.25
	By 1 Washington Railway & Electric Co. coupon-----	10.00
		<u>174.93</u>
1915.		
June 30.	To balance-----	174.93

Summary of balances June 30, 1915.

General fund-----	\$1,069.77
Manual labor fund-----	632.90
Memorial art fund-----	174.93
Total-----	<u>1,877.60</u>

ESTIMATES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1917.

The following estimates for the fiscal year to end June 30, 1917, have already been submitted:

For the support of the institution, including salaries and incidental expenses, for books and illustrative apparatus, and for general repairs and improvements, \$84,700.

For repairs to the buildings of the institution, including plumbing and steam fitting, and for repairs to pavements within the grounds, \$6,000.

For sewer from farm to West Virginia Avenue, for machinery in shop, for small engine and generator, for scales, for new hog house, and repairs to present sheds for care of tools, and equipment at farm, \$4,000.

For the removal of the college women's dormitory and the construction, equipment, and furnishing a new dormitory to replace it, and for necessary repairs to walks and grading of grounds adjacent to said dormitory, \$90,000.

A small addition of \$1,500 is asked for current expenses to provide for the salary of a storekeeper, for small increases in present salaries, and for probable increased household expenses, due to the increased cost of food and supplies and to a larger number of students.

The small new items asked for, totaling \$4,000, are very desirable for properly taking care of and equipping the institution. There is at present an open sewer 700 feet long from the vicinity of the farm buildings to West Virginia Avenue. This is without doubt a menace to health and should be turned into a terra-cotta sewer and connected with the new line now draining West Virginia Avenue.

The equipment of a 4-horsepower motor with bandsaw and other attachments for labor saving would be a great economy in our carpenter shop, as a great deal of hand labor must now be done during the summer in making repairs to the institution buildings.

A small engine of about 25 horsepower with direct connected generator of 15 kilowatts would be most desirable in our power plant for the economical running of night lines during the college year and for the supplying of power in the shop, kitchen, and laundry during the summer months.

The present method of weighing coal, hay, etc., delivered to the institution is wasteful and clumsy. It is necessary at present to send a weigher and inspector to the coal yards for every order of coal, no matter how small. Hay, grain, etc., must be weighed after its arrival in small quantities on scales whose limit is a few hundred pounds. The installation near our power house of standard scales with capacity for weighing coal and other heavy loads of goods purchased by the institution would enable our employees to check quickly and accurately all such purchases.

While the main barn of the institution is in good condition, the tool house and sheds connected with it are greatly in need of repairs, and either in connection with them or a short distance from them we need a building for the hogs, which are the most profitable product of the farm. One thousand dollars would be sufficient to provide such a building and make improvements and repairs in the old sheds.

The request for a new dormitory in place of the present building used for housing our college women and others has been before Congress for some time. It has been recognized by all who have examined the condition of this building that it is a waste of money to repair it and that its condition is a dangerous one. Not only is it overcrowded, but in case of fire, especially at night, it would be almost impossible to save all of those living in this building.

EXERCISES OF PRESENTATION DAY.

The public anniversary of the collegiate department was held in the college chapel on Wednesday, May 5. Rev. Samuel H. Greene, D. D., of the Calvary Baptist Church, offered the opening prayer.

The orations given by members of the graduating class were as follows:

Women and War, by Rula Ursulla Burt, of Nebraska.

Universal Peace Movement, by Ralph Raymond Decker, of Kansas.

Benefits of Good Reading, by Frederick Antonio Moore, of Kansas.

An oil painting of President Emeritus Edward Miner Gallaudet, painted by Mr. William B. Closson, was presented to the college by Dr. John B. Hotchkiss in behalf of the Alumni Association, and accepted for the board of directors by President Hall.

Candidates for degrees were presented by Dr. Charles R. Ely, Vice President Fay, and by President Hall, as follows:

For the degree of master of arts.

Edith Mabel Nelson, B. A., 1914, Gallaudet College.

Alpha William Patterson, B. A., 1914, Gallaudet College.

For the degree of bachelor of pedagogy.

NORMAL FELLOW.

Frances McKee, B. A., Synodical College, Missouri.

For the degree of bachelor of arts.

Rula Ursulla Burt.

Wallace Dickinson Edington.

Vernon Leslie Butterbaugh.

Edward Shaffer Foltz.

Frederick Antonio Moore.

For the degree of bachelor of science.

Ralph Raymond Decker.

John Marinus Jacobsen.

For the degree of bachelor of letters.

Stacia Barbara Kuta.

For certificates.

NORMAL STUDENTS.

Julia Penn Dougherty, Englewood High School, Illinois.

Russell Stephen Willingford Moore, Chase High School, Kansas.

Josie Eleanor Sims, Kentucky College for Women, Danville.

Walter Jones Tucker, Paris High School, Kentucky.

Hon. Frederick L. Siddons, associate justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, addressed the graduating class.

The benediction was pronounced by Rev. Daniel E. Moylan, Methodist minister to the deaf, Baltimore.

CONFERRING OF DEGREES.

On the closing day of the term, June 23, 1915, degrees and certificates were conferred in accordance with the recommendations of presentation day with two exceptions. Mr. Alpha William Patterson was not granted a degree.

Miss Josie E. Sims, of the normal department, being obliged to return home before the completion of her course, the granting of her certificate was deferred.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

PERCIVAL HALL,
President.

APPENDIX A.

FACULTY OF GALLAUDET COLLEGE, 1914-15.

Emeritus president and professor of moral and political science.—Edward Miner Gallaudet, Ph. D., LL. D.

President and professor of applied mathematics and pedagogy.—Percival Hall, M. A., Litt. D.

Vice-president and professor of languages.—Edward Allen Fay, M. A., Ph. D., Sc. D.

Professor of English and history.—John Burton Hotchkiss, M. A., Litt. D.

Professor of mathematics and Latin.—Amos G. Draper, M. A., Litt. D.

Professor of natural science.—Charles Russell Ely, M. A., Ph. D.

Professor of Latin.—Allan B. Fay, M. A.

Professor of physics and biology.—Herbert E. Day, M. A.

Assistant professor of mathematics and engineering.—Isaac Allison, E. E.

Instructor in English and in charge of college women.—Elizabeth Peet.

Librarian and instructor in English and mathematics.—Helen Northrop, B. A.

Physical director and instructor in natural science.—Julius J. Helmark, M. A.

Instructor in drawing.—Arthur D. Bryant, B. Ph.

Instructor in agriculture.—Harley D. Drake, B. A.

DEPARTMENT OF ARTICULATION AND NORMAL INSTRUCTION, 1914-15.

Professor in charge.—Percival Hall, M. A., Litt. D.

Instructors.—Lyman Steed, M. A., Annie E. Jameson, Sarah H. Porter, M. A.

Normal fellow.—Frances McKee, B. A., Synodical College, Missouri.

Normal students.—Julia Penn Dougherty, Englewood High School, Illinois; Russell Stephen Willingford Moore, Chase High School, Kansas; Josie Eleanor Sims, Kentucky College for Women, Danville; Walter J. Tucker, Paris High School, Kentucky.

FACULTY OF THE KENDALL SCHOOL, 1914-15.

President.—Percival Hall, M. A., Litt. D.

Principal.—Lyman Steed, M. A.

Instructors.—Helen Fay; Musa Marbut, M. A.; Edetha Williams, B. A.; Grace D. Ely; Mary Burch.

Instructor in art and manual training.—Ruth Stone,¹ Mrs. Gertrude D. Hooper.

Instructor in cooking and sewing.—Agnes Suman.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT, 1914-15.

Supervisor and disbursing agent.—Louis L. Hooper, M. A.

Attending physician.—Harry H. Donnally, M. D.

Dentist.—J. A. Taylor, D. D. S.

Matron Gallaudet College.—Mary Helen Ferris.

Matron Kendall School.—Harriet Van Deventer.

Boys' matron Kendall School.—Rose E. Bramble,¹ Mrs. Cora V. Troup.

Boys' supervisor.—Norman Hicks.

Girls' supervisor.—Mrs. Cora V. Troup,¹ Lillian Stauffer.

Gardener.—Edward Mangum.

Farmer.—Harley D. Drake, B. A.

¹ Resigned.

APPENDIX B.

CATALOGUE OF STUDENTS, BY STATES.

IN THE COLLEGE.

Alabama :

Grace, William F.¹
Harper, Florence.

Arkansas :

Daves, Lula.
Patterson, Alpha W.
Smith, James M.
Wade, Sarah Frances.
Wallace, Mamie.²

California :

Nelson, Edith M.
Vallant, Walter.¹
Whitworth, George.¹

Colorado :

Barnett, Vern.¹
Braddock, Guilbert.
Gilbert, Foster D.²
Ollinger, Hugh.¹
Studd, Ada R.
Wilson, Powell.¹

Connecticut :

Rockwell, Walter C.
Sullivan, James A.

District of Columbia :

Edington, Wallace D.
Lynch, Ulen.
McAvoy, Monica.
Stegemerten, Henry J.

Florida :

Austin, Henry S.
Rou, Raymond.
Townsend, William H.

Idaho :

Thompson, Clifford M.

Illinois :

Burns, Robey S.
Munger, Kenneth.¹
Peard, Forrest.

Indiana :

Schowe, Ben M.

Iowa :

Pearson, Mabel S.
Rasmussen, Arthur S.
Rendall, J. Leonard, jr.
Schmidt, Charles J.
Waggoner, Mildred.¹

Kansas :

Atkins, Ruth.
Bradshaw, Mamie.
Davis, LeRoy J.
Decker, Ralph.
Dohrmann, Frank.
Ferguson, Gerald.
Foltz, Edward S.
Harnis, George C.
Hodges, Maude E.¹
Jespersen, Caroline.
Loucks, Hazel.¹
Moore, Frederick A.
Riley, Sylvan J.
Sawhill, Edith.¹
Sawtelle, Lorraine.
Smith, Harley W.

Kentucky :

Fowler, Amy.
Hertzman, Roy.¹
Martin, Ashland D.

Louisiana :

Courrege, Armand.

Maryland :

Hetzler, H. Wroth.
Miller, William F.²

Massachusetts :

Light, J. Stanley.²

Minnesota :

Doran, Ethel.
Jacobsen, John M.
Post, Eunice.
Spong, Hilda.

Mississippi :

Gwin, Lilly.
Pearson, Lawrence S., jr.
Netterville, Irvin T.¹

Missouri :

Claussen, Hugo.
Ladd, Cecil.
Pfluff, Dorothy.
Roberts, Lucille.
Shannon, Russell R.

Montana :

Gibson, Wallace K.

¹ Admitted for school year 1915-16.

² Not included in last report.

³ Died October, 1914.

Nebraska :

Andrewjeski, Frank A.
Burt, Rula U.
Butterbaugh, Vernon L.
Clark, Gladys.
Cowen, Ella M.
Cusenden, T. Scott.
Hladik, Emil.
Kuta, Stacia B.
Marshall, Charles C.
Newell, Jean.
Newman, Harold G.
Olson, Regina.
Pearson, Ellen.
Treuke, Oscar M.
Weseen, Effie.¹

New York :

Pulver, Henry J.
Pusrin, Sara H.¹
Tredwell, Sara.

North Carolina :

Boggs, Edith.
Jones, Jennie.¹

North Dakota :

Billigmeier, Herbert.¹
De Lance, John.¹
Haley, Wendell.¹
Heupel, Phillip.
Schlenker, Emil.¹

Ohio :

Bamberg, Eva.¹
Bower, Lloyd.¹
Conarroe, Grace.¹
Jecmen, Frances.¹
Myers, Veda.¹
Pilliod, Norbert.
Rumsey, Frances.
Wondrack, John.

Oklahoma :

Harold, Ethel.

Oregon :

Kau, Marguerite.
Mokko, Lilly.

Pennsylvania :

Davies, George.¹
Sademyer, Louise.
Sterck, Emily.¹

South Dakota :

Holsington, Flossie.

Tennessee :

Olinger, Oscar.
Osborne, T. Watson.
Ozler, Claude V.

Texas :

Caps, William J.
Hinsley, Georgia.¹
Stevens, Kelly.¹
Varley, Teet (Miss).¹

Utah :

Hunter, Marie.¹
Keeley, Alfred C., jr.
Keeley, Kate Orr.
Richey, Leo.¹
Soderberg, Lillian.
Wenger, Arthur.
Wenger, Ray.
Wright, Naomi.¹

Virginia :

McInturff, Oliver W.

Washington :

Classen, Arthur B.
Loveall, Mary E.
Mellis, William B.
Peterson, Elsie T.
Skoglund, John E.
Thompson, Frank H.
Willman, Kenneth.

West Virginia :

Watts, Lula.
Watts, Narcissa.

Wisconsin :

Conover, Dorothy.
Kallenbach, Maria.
Lind, Harry.¹
Nueske, Arthur.¹
Toombs, Flora.

Ontario :

Burk, Elsie.

Saskatchewan :

Stephenson, Rachel.

Wales :

Davies, William J.

IN THE KENDALI SCHOOL.

Alberta :

Rosenroll, Richelda.¹

Delaware :

Ellingsworth, Ida.
Johnston, Florence.
Johnston, Robert.
Lynch, Edward.
McCabe, Ellen.
Peterson, Olivia.
Roberts, Pearl.
Sines, Mabel.

District of Columbia :

Ball, Annie.
Berman, Frank.
Boissenu, Sue Elizabeth.
Bostwick, Mabel.
Clechino, Antonio.
Cissell, William.

District of Columbia—Continued.

Covington, Alice.
Craven, Jack.
Dolan, James.
Dunn, Delma.
Goetz, Frances.
Hill, Frederick.
Hutchins, Elsie.
Looney, Thomas A.
Miller, John.
Miller, Mildred.
Minter, Leonidas.
Moore, Agnes.
Moore, Cecil.
Neitzey, Annie.
Norcia, Rosie.
O'Neil, Virgie.

¹ Admitted for school year 1915-16.

District of Columbia—Continued.

Pearson, Pearl.
Panholzer, Mary.
Pucci, Luigi.
Reed, Florence.
Ridgeway, Francis.
Rowzee, Reuben.
Scott, Carlisle.
Sullivan, Charles.
Thompson, Philip.
Werdig, Robert.

Louisiana:

Tobey, Vasco.¹

Manitoba:

Nicholson, Ethelwynne.¹

Maryland:

Bowen, Clyde.

Nebraska:

Brant, Gerald.

New Jersey:

Dobbins, Charles.¹

South Carolina:

Boatwright, Sophia.¹

Tennessee:

Shawl, Arthur Lee.¹

Texas:

Caps, Williams J.

Wheeler, Elma.

¹Admitted for school year 1915-16.

APPENDIX C.

ADDRESS OF HON. FREDERICK L. SIDDONS, DELIVERED ON PRESENTATION DAY, MAY 5, 1915.

Mr. President and Candidates for the Degrees, Ladies and Gentlemen, When I received the invitation from your president to make a brief address this afternoon, I confess that I felt an unusual degree of pleasure at the invitation, a pleasure that is also a privilege, that I should this afternoon be afforded the opportunity of saying some few words of hope, and express some wishes for your success, you, the products of this great institution.

I do not believe that in the field of education, of educational development, has so much been accomplished as in that department which has undertaken the education of those who labor under some sort of physical disability. And in the last few days, as occasionally I have thought of this occasion, and what might appropriately be said, I have remembered with some amusement, but more shame, the attitude of judges, not so many generations ago, who refused to receive the testimony in court of a man or a woman who could neither hear nor speak. And these judges did so upon what seems to us to-day not only an absurd but barbarous notion that such persons were little short of imbeciles.

Think of it, ladies and gentlemen! Think of it as we are seated within this hall! Think of it as you reflect upon the three orations delivered before you this afternoon by three of the candidates, and you may then get some conception of the great strides that have been made in education. Who would suppose for a moment, as you read the list of degrees that it is to be hoped will shortly be conferred upon these young ladies and gentlemen, who would have supposed that they labor under any disability whatsoever? I venture to say that their addresses this afternoon, in thought, in form, in finish, quite equal those of the graduates from any of our universities or colleges.

It marks this work of education, marks a great step in the civilizing processes of our race. More and more we concern ourselves with the welfare, present and future, of those who at the outset of life perhaps would not, but for the assistance that society now gives, be equal to the contest of life before them. But happily that time has passed, and you, young ladies and gentlemen, may look forward with confidence to the future that is yours. You will take up your selected, your appointed work, and do it well, becoming as useful citizens as any of us may hope to be.

I notice that the motto of your class is a French phrase, "A outrance." Now, my French has become almost but a lingering memory. But this particular phrase, if I remember it, is susceptible of this interpretation, that "We are going the limit." [Laughter.]

You are going the limit in all that is worth while. You are going the limit in the work that you have selected to do. And as you enter upon that work, as you leave these halls, you will never cease to remember the obligation that you are under to the institution, to the faculty, to its founder, whose picture has been revealed to you this afternoon. And in that work will you not permit a modern justice to apologize to you for the mistakes of his remote predecessors, and to assure you that if it ever should be your obligation to appear before him you will not be rejected on the grounds formerly alleged.

I bid you Godspeed and success in the future of your work. [Applause.]

APPENDIX D.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

To the Board of Directors of the Columbia Institution for the Deaf:

GENTLEMEN: Since taking charge of the Columbia Institution for the Deaf there has been no formal report made to the board, covering a period of more than a year's time. I think it may be proper, therefore, after the passage of five years, to lay before the board in a brief résumé some of the work that has been accomplished in that period, together with recommendations as to what might be done in the future.

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION.

All the money of the institution is handled, as heretofore, under the direction of the president of the institution, who is president of the board, through a special disbursing agent of the United States Government. All expenses from United States funds are audited, as heretofore, by the secretary and treasurer of our board, and finally by the Auditor for the Interior Department. All other money received has been expended and accounted for in the same way, except that these accounts are, of course, audited only by the auditing committee of the board. All expenses, as heretofore, are reported quarterly to the board and annually to the Secretary of the Interior in the annual report of the institution.

Under the present system of buying all goods are purchased on written orders, duplicates of which are kept in the office, and no purchases are made except on the authority of the president or of the disbursing agent. All goods are checked off when they arrive, and bills are paid after the work of checking with duplicate orders is completed. Bids from at least three dealers are obtained, except on very small items or emergency orders, a storekeeper has been employed, a storeroom has been established, and all goods not perishable bought in large quantities at a decided saving.

A partial inventory of furniture and equipment has been made annually for two years, and a more complete one will be taken this year.

A new system of distributing expenses and comparing those of the present with those of previous years has been installed; also a careful account of food consumed at each kitchen; a separate account of the farm expenses, of expenses for repairs on the various buildings, and of expenses for District of Columbia pupils. The office work of the institution has been facilitated by the purchase of three additional typewriters and an adding machine.

A local switchboard with 22 branch telephones, property of the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co., with practically all wiring below ground in lead-covered cable running through terra-cotta conduit (which had already been laid) has been installed. The central tower clock has been repaired and connected with the 12 old and 2 new subsidiary clocks and has been made to control them all successfully.

The annual appropriation for expenses attending instruction of deaf and dumb persons in this institution from the District of Columbia, under section 4864, Revised Statutes of the United States, and the act of March 1, 1901, has been raised from \$10,000 to \$12,250; appropriation for repairs from \$5,000 to \$6,000; appropriation for current expenses from \$67,000 to \$70,000; receipts from pay pupils from \$4,000 to approximately \$6,500; or a total increase of some \$9,000. In addition, a special appropriation of \$12,500 for improvement of the barns and the greenhouses, and the construction of a new dairy barn, and an appropriation of \$21,000 for repairs and improvements to the heating and lighting system have been obtained. With the former appropriation the greenhouses were practically rebuilt and somewhat enlarged, and were brought nearer the central steam plant, to which they are now connected. The old carriage barn has been thoroughly repaired and provided with steam heat from the central power plant. No horses are now stabled in this building, but it is used for employees' quarters and for storage, as formerly. The carriage room is now used as a garage for our motor vehicles. One of these vehicles takes the place of the market wagon and the horse and buggy for the disbursing agent, and the other takes the place of the carriages and horses formerly maintained for the use of the president of the institution. The number of horses maintained has thus been reduced from seven to four—three for the farm and one for the grounds.

Payments to teachers, whose services really end with the close of the school year, are being gradually changed from 12 to 9 payments, so their salaries will end with the end of the fiscal year.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

The management of the farm and the grounds has been separated and the former farmer and gardener placed in charge of the greenhouses and grounds. In this way it has been possible for him to give better attention to lawns and shrubbery. The farm and dairy have been placed under the charge of one of our college graduates, who is also a practical farmer, and the farmhouse and large farm barn have been greatly improved. Instruction in agriculture has been introduced for the young men of the college with success so far.

The management of the Kendall School has been separated, as far as possible, from that of the college. None of the teachers (with one exception) or officers on duty in the Kendall School have duties also in the college department. The boys of the Kendall School now have their own matron, with kitchen and dining room in their dormitory. This had also been arranged for the girls of the Kendall School. So we have adopted for the Kendall School the cottage system, which is now considered the best plan of organization for residential schools.

A regular night watchman has been employed, and fire drill practiced.

REPAIRS.

Many repairs and improvements have been carried out beside a few already referred to. The grounds have been resurveyed and a large part is now being inclosed with a new wire fence.

A modern, sanitary dairy barn with milk house was built four years ago. An additional silo was also erected. Over \$3,000 have been expended in repairing the farmhouse and barn and in erecting four chicken houses and large cold frames. The old horse stable referred to above has been changed to a garage and storeroom with living quarters.

Eight new bathrooms in various buildings have been provided for the convenience of employees and five others have been rebuilt. Besides this, much plumbing has been torn out and replaced by modern work.

Seven hot-water heating plants have been installed, one in the Kendall School girls' cottage and six in the quarters of teachers or officers to replace worn-out hot-air furnaces.

A thorough revision of the main heating and lighting system is completed. New engines have been purchased and installed, the power plant repaired and brought up to date, a central hot-water heating plant established, all underground piping taken up and almost all of it renewed and placed in concrete conduits, the vacuum system installed, and the electrical wiring extended to Denison House and all the recitation rooms of both college and Kendall School. The main kitchen of the college has been thoroughly remodeled at an expense of over \$2,500; three extra fire escapes have been built; houses Nos. 1 and 2 have been connected with the city sewerage system, instead of an old cesspool, at an expense of about \$1,000; electric wiring has been installed in the president's house; houses Nos. 5 and 6, the farmhouse, and part of the gymnasium building have been pebble-dashed to preserve the woodwork. All outside woodwork of buildings has received from two to four coats of paint, and much interior paperhanging and painting has been done.

The chapel has been provided with new flooring and has been thoroughly redecorated. All of the main basement of this building has been given a new concrete floor and part of it a new metal ceiling.

The college boys' dormitory has been practically refitted with new furniture and the Kendall School dormitories supplied with new all-metal bedsteads. A large quantity of dishes, linen, etc., has been purchased for the use of the institution.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The course of study in the college had just been revised when I took charge. It has been added to by the introduction of instruction in agriculture, regular lessons in library cataloguing, business methods, and sewing. Our librarian, besides giving the theory of library cataloguing, has, with the aid of her pupils, finished a complete catalogue of our library according to the Dewey system.

In the Kendall School, the course of study has always been made to connect definitely with the college work. An increased number of pupils have graduated from the Kendall School and done successful work in the college in the last five years.

Manual training, including woodworking, rug weaving, basket making, drawing, cooking, and sewing, has been extended as far down the lower grades as possible.

REUNION OF ALUMNI.

A most enjoyable reunion of graduates and former students was held at the college, by invitation of the board of directors, from June 22-25, 1914. Over 200 were present. The success of our graduates in many lines of endeavor was noted. There were present teachers, farmers, ministers, chemists, architects, editors, and others representing many lines of endeavor.

The authorities of the college were urged by the alumni to extend higher technical work for the deaf.

ATTENDANCE.

Five years ago, the number of students and pupils in both departments of the institution, Gallaudet College and the Kendall School, was 120. The attendance now is over 150, an increase of some 30 per cent. As has been noted before, the increase in appropriations and income has been about \$9,000, or a total of about 11 per cent. When the increase in attendance, the repairs completed, and also the continued increase in the price of foodstuffs, labor, materials, etc., which probably averages 10 per cent, are all considered, I feel that the expenses of the institution have been kept as low as could possibly be expected.

CHANGE IN THE NAME OF THE INSTITUTION.

The corporate name of the institution has been changed from the Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb to the Columbia Institution for the Deaf. This is in line with the changes throughout the country, and is gratifying, as very few of the deaf are dumb, and only those who have not received instruction can not speak.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

There are a number of repairs and improvements which are needed to put the grounds and buildings of the institution in first-class condition. The most pressing of these is a new dormitory for the young women of the college, which has been requested for the last three years from Congress; but, so far, has not been provided for. An estimate for this important improvement has been presented again for the consideration of Congress this winter, and I hope will be favorably acted upon.

Owing to the considerable increase in attendance, some changes or additions to the college buildings will probably be necessary in the

near future. An addition to our laboratory, or a new recitation building providing six new recitation rooms and a museum, would enable the college boys' dormitory to be made available for a larger number of students by moving to the new addition or building the present six recitation rooms and the museum now in the college boys' building. The present museum could be then made into at least three comfortable rooms, and in all there would be nine new dormitory rooms for college men. Such added room for the young men and a new dormitory, providing for a larger number of women than the old building now used can accommodate, will probably take care of the growth in numbers in the college department for some time. This improvement would call for a special appropriation of about \$20,000. In the Kendall School, while the dormitories are somewhat crowded, especially that used by the girls, there is not much likelihood of a great increase in numbers, and probably no necessity for much expense for the enlargement of these buildings.

In a number of our buildings there is still a considerable amount of old plumbing which should be replaced, and hundreds of square yards of old asphalt or concrete flooring in the basements which should be renewed or replaced by new concrete. It seems possible to take care of these two items of repair out of the regular appropriation allowed by Congress for special repairs and improvements. There are four or five items, however, in connection with the grounds of the institution, which need attention in the near future and which will probably call for special appropriations in order to take care of them properly.

From the Eighth Street entrance of the grounds on Florida Avenue to the farm buildings there is an old cinder road of about one-third of a mile in length, which should be rebuilt of macadam and used for all the heavy hauling to and from the institution. This would, no doubt, cause a considerable saving on the wear of the asphalt roadway from the main entrance near Seventh Street. The asphalt roadway now surrounding the campus and extending past several of the buildings should be widened at least half a yard on each side by using stone or concrete curbing with a brick or concrete gutter on the inside. This would give the room now required for larger vehicles, and would prevent the marring of the lawns by careless drivers—an almost daily occurrence under present conditions. A considerable length of old asphalt walks, especially those from Fowler Hall to the power house, from College Hall to the shop, and from the main driveway toward the president's office, should be taken up and cement walks substituted. Altogether these repairs and improvements to roadways would probably cost \$4,000.

The eastern edge of the grounds, bordering on West Virginia Avenue, is now much below the present grade of that street, and an effort should be made to fill in this part of the grounds and bring it up to a proper and acceptable grade. It is probable that this work can be done without cost to the institution by making an arrangement with some large contracting firm in Washington to dump clean earth from excavations in this part of our grounds.

With the completion of the sewer work behind houses Nos. 1 and 2, all houses and buildings except the buildings at the farm are now connected by modern sewers to the city system. The farmhouse,

the barns, and the house occupied by the dairyman are now connected with a sewer which runs into an open trench at some distance from all of these buildings, leading down to a new sewer on West Virginia Avenue. There are some 700 feet of this open trench. A large sewer should be laid at this place (20 to 24 inches) and the trench filled in. There would then be no opportunity for criticism of our drainage system.

As time goes by and the neighborhood is built up more thickly it becomes increasingly difficult to protect our grounds properly. It seems probable that a wise move in the future will be to fence our grounds with a high, substantial fence. This project will be a very expensive one, as the total distance around our grounds is nearly 2 miles.

COURSES OF STUDY.

Agriculture has been recognized as one of the best fields for deaf people to enter at the present time. We have, therefore, made Mr. Harley D. Drake, our farmer, a regular instructor in agriculture in the college. His teaching work should be extended. As mentioned in another part of this report, we have arranged for work in sewing in the college department, and I believe that cooking should be added to the curriculum also.

For both the young men and the young women of the college, it would seem wise to provide instruction in drawing and designing of a much more extended nature than that given at present. This would probably call for a regular instructor on full time and considerable expense, but should open to the students of the college a new field of endeavor.

Another line of practical instruction which would seem to be worthy of great consideration in the near future is that of linotype operation. A number of the schools for the deaf have installed linotype machines and have provided instructors, but in none of them has it been possible, on account of the limited time and of the youth of the pupils, to turn out finished operators without post-graduate work. It has been suggested by a number of our graduates that a linotype be purchased for our college, and that an instructor in the operation and repair of this machine be employed. The college students' periodical and possibly other work could be turned out on such a machine, and regular instruction given to a limited number of students who have already made some progress in printing before coming to college. This would call for an outlay of \$4,000 for the plant, and about \$1,500 annually for instruction, supplies, etc.

METHODS OF INSTRUCTION EMPLOYED.

Throughout the United States there has been an increase in the use of speech for the instruction of deaf pupils, and also an increase in the number taught to use speech to a limited extent, although not taught entirely by means of speech. This movement received great impetus, if it was not actually begun, by the report of Dr. E. M. Gallaudet some 50 years ago after his visit to European schools, when he urged that all deaf children be given ample opportunity to learn to speak and to preserve their speech.

In our Kendall School at present practically all of the beginners are taught by speech, and the school work of all the pupils is done in this way as long as it seems practicable. In the college department a large amount of oral work and speech work is done, but the problem is much harder because of the fact that the students come from many schools employing various methods and because there are always some students who have never had any oral instruction worth while. Outside of classrooms, in social gatherings, lectures, and religious exercises manual methods are freely used.

The general policy of our institution is freedom of methods of instruction, making use of speech, the manual alphabet, and signs, as deemed best for the mental advancement of the student. Many pitiful cases of retarded mental development, caused by the use of narrow methods by teachers of the deaf, have come under the observation of American educators from time to time.

The educated deaf of the world are strongly in favor of the use of all methods of instruction for the benefit of the mental development of the pupil. It would seem wisest, therefore, from the point of view of experience and sound pedagogy and psychology, to make the method fit the student rather than fit the student to the method. Therefore the combined system of instruction has been and should be continued in use in our institution.

Respectfully submitted to the board.

PERCIVAL HALL,
President.

APPENDIX E.

REGULATIONS.

I. The academic year is divided into three terms, the first beginning on the last Thursday in September and closing on the 24th of December; the second beginning the 29th of December and closing the next to the last Friday in March; the third beginning the following Monday and closing the Wednesday before the last Wednesday in June.

II. The vacation is from the Wednesday before the last Wednesday in June to the last Thursday in September.

III. There are holidays at Thanksgiving, Christmas, Washington's Birthday, Easter, and Decoration Day.

IV. Pupils may visit their homes during the regular vacation and on the above-named holidays, but at no other time unless for some special urgent reason, and then only by permission of the president.

V. The bills for the maintenance and tuition of pupils supported by their friends must be paid semiannually in advance.

VI. The charge for pay pupils is \$350 per annum. This sum covers all expenses in the primary department except clothing and extraordinary medical attention, and all in the college except clothing, books, and extraordinary medical attendance.

VII. All deaf-mutes of teachable age, of good mental capacity, and properly belonging to the District of Columbia are received without charge. To students from the States and Territories who have not the means of defraying all the expenses of the college course the board of directors renders such assistance as circumstances seem to require, so far as the means at its disposal will allow.

VIII. It is expected that the friends of the pupils will provide them with clothing, and it is important that upon entering or returning to the institution they should be supplied with a sufficient amount for an entire year. All clothing should be plainly marked with the owner's name.

IX. All letters concerning pupils or applications for admission should be addressed to the president.

X. The institution is open to visitors during term time on Thursdays only, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. Visitors are admitted to chapel service on Sunday afternoons at 5 o'clock.